

# Supporting Your Emotionally Dysregulated ASD Child

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## Objectives

- Identify triggers that frequently lead to behavioral outbursts in autistic youth
- Learn trauma-informed de-escalation strategies to address behavioral outbursts
- Identify supports to prevent or decrease the frequency and intensity of behavioral outbursts in autistic youth



## Autism and Challenging Behavior

• Autism itself does NOT cause challenging behaviors

• Behaviors are often a form of communication

 Past responses to challenging behaviors can impact future behaviors in similar situations

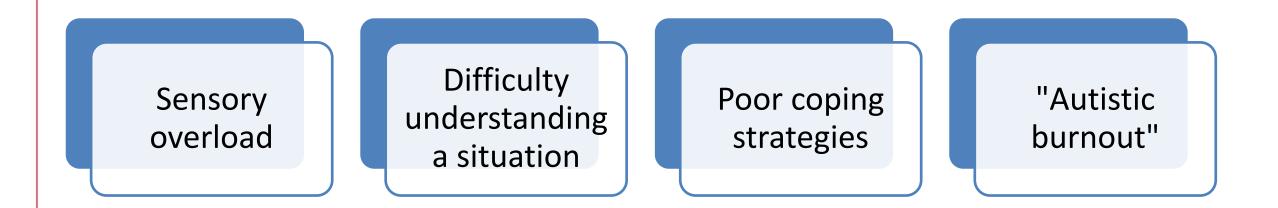


# Autism and Challenging Behavior

- Aggression tends to be higher in autistic youth with the following traits:
  - Younger age
  - Frequent engagement in self-injurious or ritualistic behaviors
  - Highly resistant to change
  - Significant social impairment



#### Triggers



ROA

Sensory Overload



#### Autistic Burnout

- Burnout can result from:
  - Suppressing autistic traits
  - Stress
  - Changes (e.g., in routine, environments)
  - Sleep deprivation
  - Illness

# Prior to Attempting De-escalation

- Check in with yourself
  - Remember all individuals do the best they can in each situation given their skills and past experiences
  - Considering why the youth is behaving a certain way is required to help appropriately
  - Be mindful of body language and facial expressions
  - Engage in modulation strategies
    - E.g., self-talk, anticipatory relaxation strategies



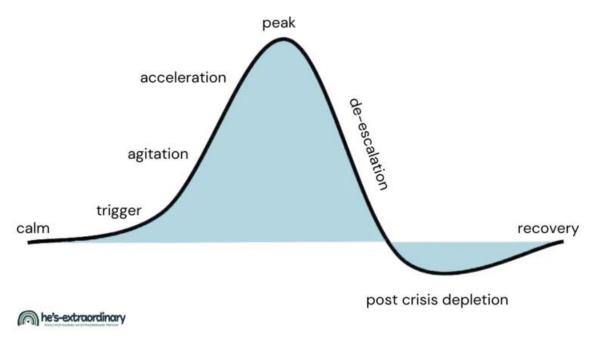
#### **De-Escalation**

 Definition: Techniques intended to reduce an individual's agitation and/or aggression

 Verbal and Non-verbal techniques



pattern occurring before, during, and after a meltdown



#### **De-Escalation Strategies**

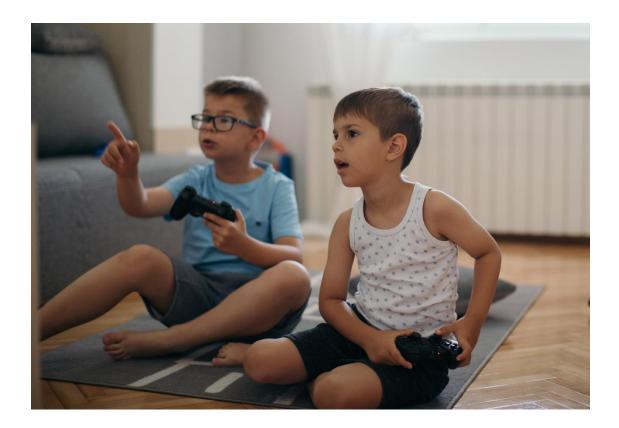




#### Distraction

• Most effective early on

• Offer preferred item or activity





#### Attunement

• Recognize and understand youth's emotional state

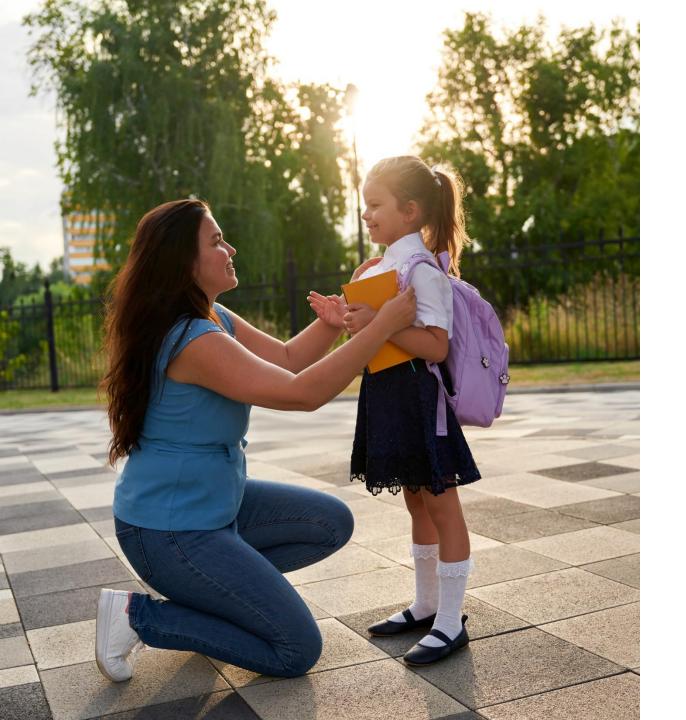
- Active Listening
  - Accept and respect youth's feelings
  - Show youth you are listening and observing
    - Eye contact, nodding, no interrupting, summarize after they finish
  - Don't rush to action

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# Remain Calm

- Important to appear non-threatening
- Be mindful of:
  - Body language
  - Facial expressions
  - Voice volume and tone

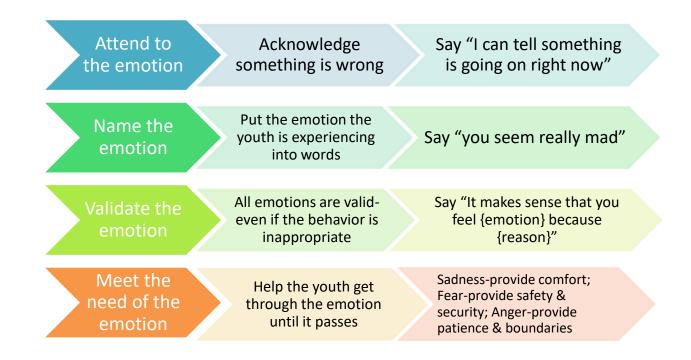


#### Get on Their Level

- Don't stand over them
- Either sit or kneel to be at eye level

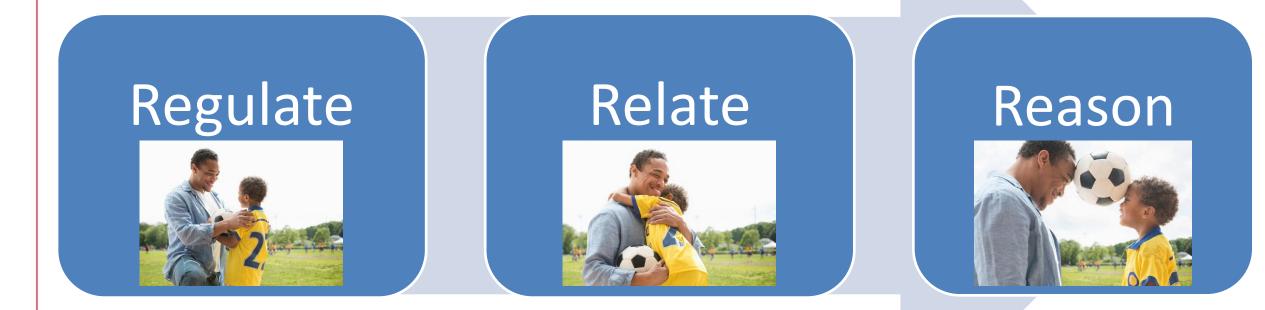


## **Emotion Coaching**





#### Sequence of Engagement





#### Mirror and Match





#### **Give Space**

- Some autistic youth do not like to be touched
- Provide at least 3 feet of space



- Do not touch or hug
- Being too close can create feeling of being trapped and further escalate situation



# Decrease Stimulation

- Dim lights
- Turn off television
- Limit number of people present
- Silence-No talking



## What to Say

Give options

- Giving two options can give back control
- Typically youth feel they have no control in escalated situations

#### Provide instructions

- Instructions should be simple and clear
- Avoid repeating numerous times

Praise attempts to self-regulate



## Interventions of Last Resort

- Restraints-physical force to reduce mobility or immobilize an individual
- Seclusion-involuntary confinement to an area by themselves that they are physically prevented from leaving

Should only be used when less restrictive and alternative interventions are not effective, safe, or feasable

#### Debrief

- Discuss the situation once everyone is calm
  - Prepares for possible future events
    - Identify triggers
    - Self-regulation strategies





## **Common Reasons for Increased Escalation**

- Reasoning with the youth
- Making demands
- Unnecessary constraint
- Yelling to be heard
- Talking about youth in front of them
- Assuming the youth does not understand you



#### **Preventative Measures**

Provide structure	
Prepare for transitions and changes	
Visual supports	
Sensory diet	
Remove uncomfortable/distracting stimuli	
Teach communication skills	
Build ability to self calm/regulate	
Help to recognize own behavioral responses	
Exercise	
Reminders	

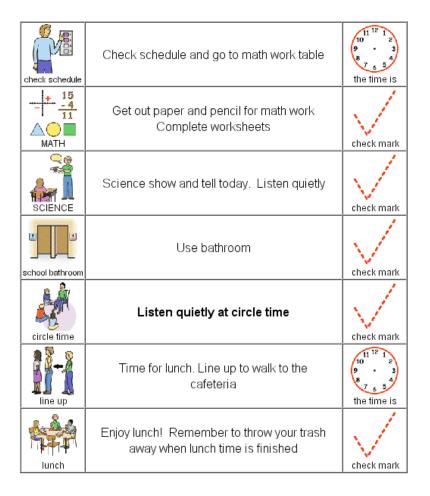
Reminders

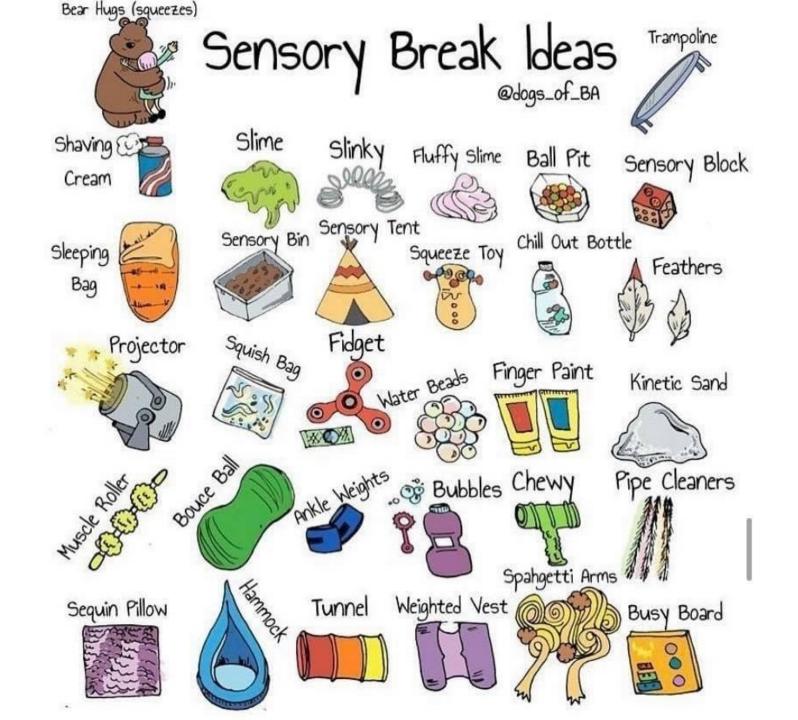


#### Visual Supports/Schedules



#### **Morning Work Time**



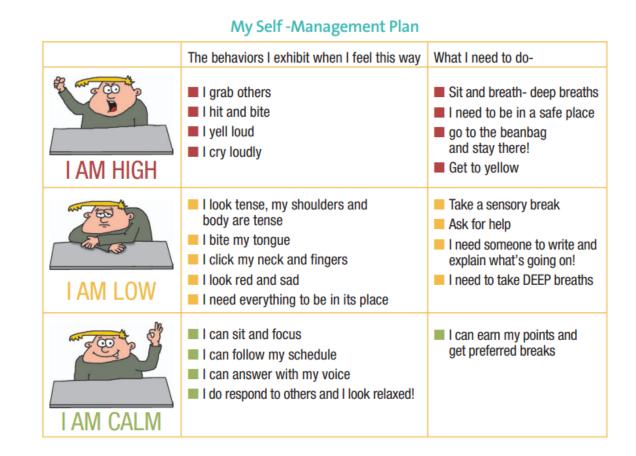




#### Self-Regulation Tools

5 Point Scale

5	I am going to explode!!!
4	I am getting angry!
3	I am a little nervous
2	I am feeling OK
1	I am calm and relaxed

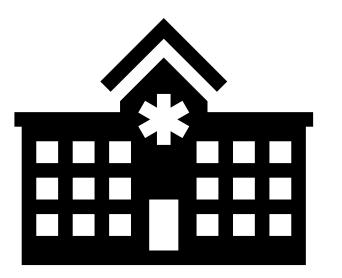


#### Determining when more support is needed

Aggression/selfinjury becomes recurrent risk Elopement cannot be contained

Threat of suicide

Family can no longer care for youth at home



# Next Steps

- Emergency department when immediate help is required
- May lead to psychiatric evaluation and possible inpatient psychiatric hospitalization



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